EcoBlox Technical Data Sheet



BLOCK DESCRIPTION:

Colorado Earth's EcoBlox are produced at the foothills of the Flatiron Mountains in Colorado.

The blocks are produced using sand and clay fines from a nearby granite quarry. The raw material is considered "overburden" or a by-product of the excavation operations. Once the raw material is screened, it is delivered to the Colorado Earth facility.

Added to the natural screened fines is 6.5% hydrated lime (by weight) for additional strength, water protection and also to protect the walls during construction.

Once the masonry walls are protected with a suitable sealer or plaster finish, the walls will last indefinitely with little to no maintenance.

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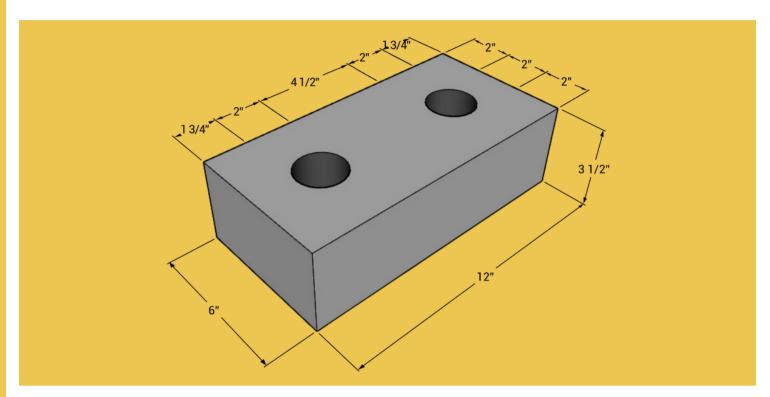
ECOBLOX





Technical Specifications





ECOBLOX

Size: 6" x 12" x 3-1/2" and 4" x 12" x 3-1/2" (height can vary from 2" to 5")
Weight: 15.85 lbs average
Compressive Strength: 1250 psi average
Modulus of Rupture: 305 psi average
Dry Density: 152 lbs/ft³ average (normal weight)
Thermal Conductivity: 0.35 W/mK
R-value: 0.42/in or 2.52 for 6" wide block



The blocks have been tested in accordance with ASTM test methods and meet the physical property requirements of the IBC Section 2109.

Building Code Requirements



- Building Codes for earthen masonry are set forth in the IBC Chapter 21 Section 2109 – Empirical Design of Adobe Masonry.
- All plans prepared by Colorado Earth are analyzed and designed by a professional engineer based on specifications and procedures of TMS 402 and IRC R606 (IRC 2018 Chapter 6 Wall Construction - Section R606 General Masonry Construction) to meet the intent of the Building Code.
- Earthen Construction is also found in the New Mexico Earthen Building Materials Code under Title 14 – Chapter 7 Part 4.

ENERGY COMPLIANCE:

Energy compliance is met through either the prescriptive or performance method. We recommend the Performance method for colder climates. (*See Table 01 below for Prescriptive Performance compliance.)

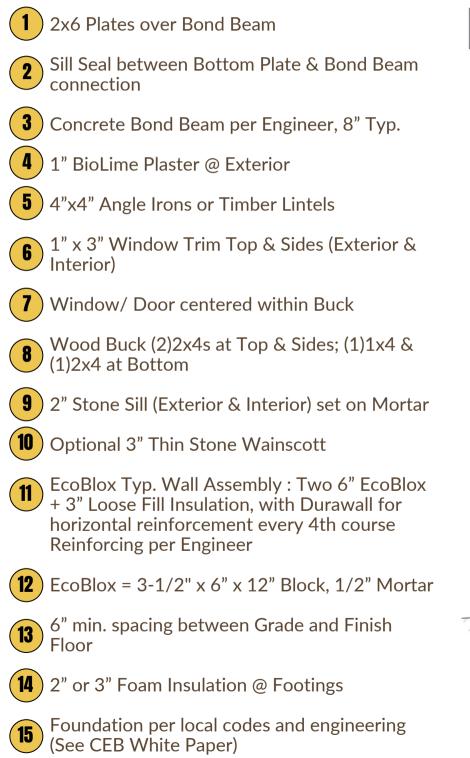
Complian	ce of CEB Wall Assen	nblies With	The 2021 II	ECC, Maxin	num Assem	ibly U-valu	es			
Ref. Table R wall.	402.1.2 'Maximum Assembl	y U-factors Ar	nd Fenestratio	on Requiremen	nts'. Note B) N	Mass walls wit	th more than I	half of the ins	ulation on the	inside of th
Climate Zone		0	1	2	3	4 except Marine	5 and Marine 4	6	7	8
Max U-value By 2021 Code [BTU/h*ft2**F]		0.17	0.17	0.14	0.12	0.087	0.065	0.057	0.057	0.057
А	10" CEB Wall + Exterior Mineral Wool	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Not Pass	Not Pass	Not Pass	Not Pass
В	2x 6" CEB Wall + 3" Perlite	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Not Pass	Not Pass	Not Pass	Not Pass
с	2x 6" CEB Wall + 4" Perlite	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass

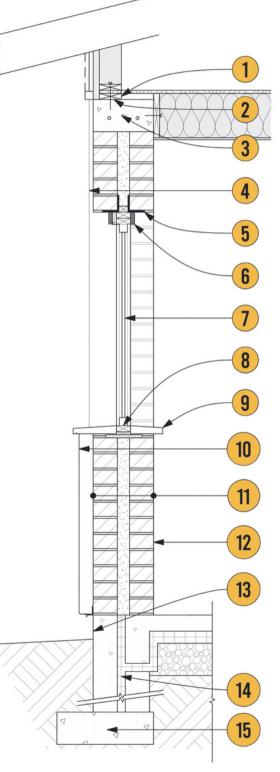
Table 01: Compliance of the CEB assemblies considered here with the maximum allowed assembly U-values of the 2021 IECC:

Typical EcoBlox Wall Section Detail



LEGEND:





EcoBlox in Construction



All walls require a concrete bond beam at the top of the wall, and between floor levels. A timber ledger can be placed in the wall during construction to hang kitchen cabinets or other heavy objects. Electrical boxes are placed directly in the masonry wall at desired and planned locations. Plumbing is typically placed in a framed wall for ease of access. The earthen masonry walls are finished with a lime based exterior plaster, in a variety of colors and hues.



Interior walls under construction.



Exterior walls under construction with formwork for poured, reinforced concrete bond beam at the top of the wall and between floor levels.



Electrical box placed in the wall during construction with conduit placed between the two whythes of blocks.

Environmental Benefits





REDUCED CARBON FOOTPRINT

Life Cycle Analysis shows a reduction in overall carbon footprint.



LOW MAINTENANCE

Plaster finishes can last indefinitely and there is no need to ever paint!



HEALTHY INTERIOR ENVIRONMENT

Using lime plaster as a finish has a pH in which mold can't grow.



FIREPROOF Dirt doesn't burn ASTM E119 Fire Rating Test.



REDUCED ENERGY USE

Studies show 50% less energy use for heating and cooling when compared to traditional wood frame.



ACOUSTICS

8 dBA difference when compared to traditional wall. This equates to a halving effect of outside noises.

Energy Performance



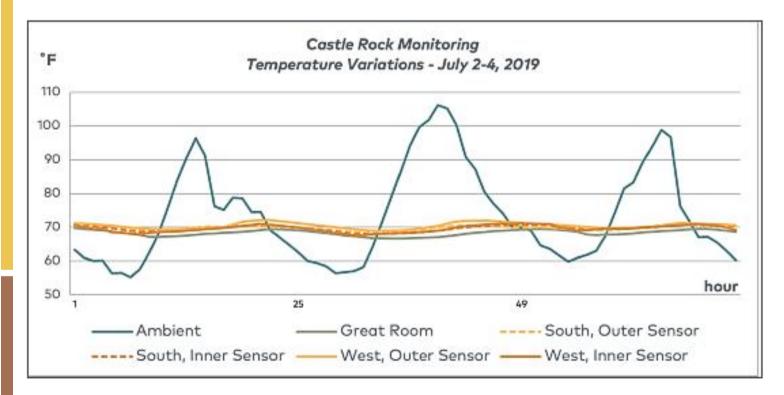
ENERGY PERFORMANCE:

A thermal performance study was carried out on a residence by Colorado Earth in Castle Rock, Colorado. The thermal mass of the earth blocks help to keep interior temperatures constant despite exterior fluctuations in both summer and winter.

For more information on this study visit: Click here

SUMMER PERFORMANCE:

Earthen masonry walls show the exterior temperature fluctuations (in blue) with the interior temperature remaining fairly constant (in orange) with no mechanical cooling used.

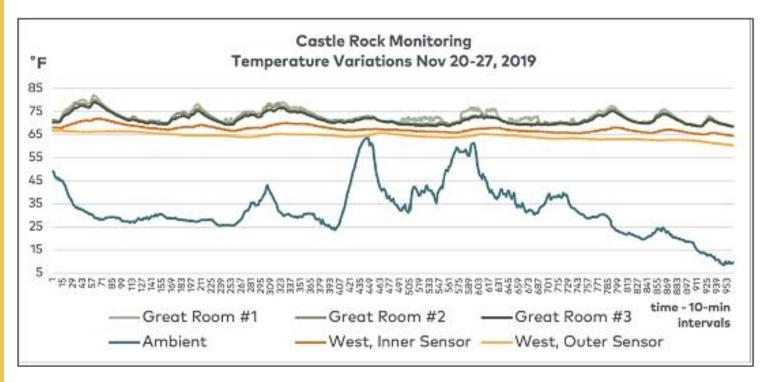


Energy Performance



WINTER PERFORMANCE:

Winter Performance of a residence using EcoBlox show exterior temperatures (in blue). Sensors were placed in the blocks and temperature of these sensors is shown in orange. The green line shows interior temperatures of the Great Room which have been affected by passive solar gains coming into the space from the south-facing windows. These higher temperatures cause the inner sensor in the wall to absorb heat from the interior air, thus showing the effect of thermal mass as a thermal storage battery.



For more information on this study visit: Click here